

Kuwait, 2 February 2023

Boursa Kuwait
State of Kuwait

Dear Sirs,

Subject: Gulf Bank's Closing Financial Statements for 2022

This is made pursuant to Module Ten, Chapter Four of the Resolution No. 72 of 2015, concerning the amended Executive Bylaws to Law No. 7/2010 on the "Establishment of Capital Markets Authority and the Regulation of Securities Activity", pertaining to the "Disclosure of Material Information and the Mechanism of Notification". We would like to advise you that the Central Bank of Kuwait has approved Gulf Bank's closing financial statements for 2022 as per CBK letter dated 2/2/2023.

Pursuant to the requirements of Boursa Kuwait under Resolution No. (1) of 2018 applicable to listed companies classified under Premier Markets, we are pleased to announce that the Quarterly Analysts Conference will be held through Live Webcast on Monday, 6/2/2023, at 1:00pm (local timing). Investors, analysts, and interested parties may visit our bank's website www.e-gulfbank.com under the Investor Relations Section/Investor Presentations to obtain the Invitation link and instructions on how to join the webcast.

Best regards



Mohammad Jasem AlBeloushi
Assistant General Manager
Head of Compliance & Disclosure Unit



Enclosures:

- Copy of CBK approval of the Closing Financial Statements
- Copy of Gulf Bank's Closing Financial Statements for 2022
- Announcement Form of the Financial Statements as at 31/12/2022

[GBK Classification: **PUBLIC**]

**Governor
Central Bank of Kuwait**

Date: 2 February 2023
Ref: 2/105/767/2023

**Mr. Jassim Mustafa Jassim Boodai
Chairman
Gulf Bank**

Dear Mr. Boodai,

This has reference to your letter, dated 17/1/2023, which enclosed a copy of your bank's closing financial statements for the Year 2022, and further to the data and clarifications received in this regard, latest on 31/1/2023.

We would like to advise you that having reviewed the said financial statements, we do not have any comments thereon, and would also like to convey CBK's approval to your bank's distribution of cash dividends at 10% par value (10 fils per share), in addition to the distribution of bonus shares at 5%.

Based on the above, you may commence necessary action with competent authorities to hold the bank's general assembly.

Best regards.

Basel A. AlHaroon

c.c. CMA- 768
Boursa Kuwait- 769

[GBK Classification: PUBLIC]

Financial Results Form
 Kuwaiti Company (KWD)

 نموذج نتائج البيانات المالية
 للشركات الكويتية (د.ك.)

Company Name	اسم الشركة
Gulf Bank K.S.C.P.	بنك الخليج ش.م.ك.ع

Financial Year Ended on	2022-12-31	نتائج السنة المالية المنتهية في
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Board of Directors Meeting Date	2023-01-16	تاريخ اجتماع مجلس الإدارة
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Required Documents	المستندات الواجب إرفاقها بالنموذج
Approved financial statements. Approved auditor's report This form shall not be deemed to be complete unless the documents mentioned above are provided	نسخة من البيانات المالية المعتمدة نسخة من تقرير مراقب الحسابات المعتمد لا يعتبر هذا النموذج مكتملاً ما لم يتم وإرفاق هذه المستندات

التغيير (%) Change (%)	السنة المقارنة Comparative Year	السنة الحالية Current Year	البيان
	2021-12-31	2022-12-31	Statement
46.8%	42,105,000	61,804,000	صافي الربح (الخسارة) الخاص بمساهمي الشركة الأم Net Profit (Loss) represents the amount attributable to the owners of the parent Company
45.9%	13.33	19.45	ربحية (خسارة) السهم الأساسية والمخفضة Basic & Diluted Earnings per Share
-1.0%	3,321,359,000	3,286,815,000	الموجودات المتداولة Current Assets
4.5%	6,555,910,000	6,851,480,000	إجمالي الموجودات Total Assets
0.1%	5,595,939,000	5,603,074,000	المطلوبات المتداولة Current Liabilities
4.1%	5,889,418,000	6,131,457,000	إجمالي المطلوبات Total Liabilities
8.0%	666,492,000	720,023,000	إجمالي حقوق الملكية الخاصة بمساهمي الشركة الأم Total Equity attributable to the owners of the Parent Company
6.5%	170,058,000	181,057,000	إجمالي الإيرادات التشغيلية Total Operating Revenue
3.2%	91,877,000	94,851,000	صافي الربح (الخسارة) التشغيلية Net Operating Profit (Loss)
--	لا يوجد خسائر متراكمة No accumulated losses	لا يوجد خسائر متراكمة No accumulated losses	الخسائر المتراكمة / رأس المال المدفوع Accumulated Loss / Paid-Up Share Capital

التغيير (%)	الربع الرابع المقارن	الربع الرابع الحالي	البيان
Change (%)	Fourth quarter Comparative Year	Fourth quarter Current Year	Statement
	2021-12-31	2022-12-31	
10.1%	14,612,000	16,081,000	صافي الربح (الخسارة) الخاص بمساهمي الشركة الأم Net Profit (Loss) represents the amount attributable to the owners of the parent Company
8.7%	4.62	5.02	ربحية (خسارة) السهم الأساسية والمخفضة Basic & Diluted Earnings per Share
9.5%	44,532,000	48,746,000	إجمالي الإيرادات التشغيلية Total Operating Revenue
0.0%	25,428,000	25,425,000	صافي الربح (الخسارة) التشغيلية Net Operating Profit (Loss)

• Not Applicable for first Quarter

• لا ينطبق على الربع الأول

Increase/Decrease in Net Profit (Loss) is due to	سبب ارتفاع/انخفاض صافي الربح (الخسارة)
The Bank's net profit of KD 61.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2022 is an increase of KD 19.7 million compared with the prior year.	بلغ صافي ربح البنك 61.8 مليون دينار كويتي للسنة المنتهية في 31 ديسمبر 2022 وذلك بزيادة بلغت 19.7 مليون دينار كويتي مقارنة بالعام السابق.
The increase in net profit compared with the prior year was primarily driven by lower provisions and impairment losses (KD 17.6 million) and higher operating income (KD 11 million) offset by an increase in operating expenses (KD 8 million).	وجاءت الزيادة في صافي الربح مقارنة بالعام السابق مدفوعة بشكل أساسي بانخفاض المخصصات وخسائر انخفاض القيمة (17.6 مليون دينار كويتي) وارتفاع الإيرادات التشغيلية (11 مليون دينار كويتي) يقابلها زيادة في المصروفات التشغيلية (8 مليون دينار كويتي).

Total Revenue realized from dealing with related parties (value, KWD)	KD 5,761,000	بلغ إجمالي الإيرادات من التعاملات مع الأطراف ذات الصلة (المبلغ د.ك.)
Total Expenditures incurred from dealing with related parties (value, KWD)	KD 2,678,000	بلغ إجمالي المصروفات من التعاملات مع الأطراف ذات الصلة (المبلغ د.ك.)

Auditor Opinion		رأي مراقب الحسابات
1. Unqualified Opinion	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1. رأي غير متحفظ
2. Qualified Opinion	<input type="checkbox"/>	2. رأي متحفظ
3. Disclaimer of Opinion	<input type="checkbox"/>	3. عدم إبداء الرأي
4. Adverse Opinion	<input type="checkbox"/>	4. رأي معاكس

In the event of selecting item No. 2, 3 or 4, the following table must be filled out, and this form is not considered complete unless it is filled.

بحال اختيار بند رقم 2 أو 3 أو 4 يجب تعبئة الجدول التالي، ولا يعتبر هذا النموذج مكتملاً ما لم يتم تعبئته

Not applicable	نص رأي مراقب الحسابات كما ورد في التقرير
Not applicable	شرح تفصيلي بالحالة التي استدعت مراقب الحسابات لإبداء الرأي
Not applicable	الخطوات التي ستقوم بها الشركة لمعالجة ما ورد في رأي مراقب الحسابات
Not applicable	الجدول الزمني لتنفيذ الخطوات لمعالجة ما ورد في رأي مراقب الحسابات

Corporate Actions		استحقاقات الأسهم (الإجراءات المؤسسية)	
النسبة	القيمة		
10%	KD 32,005,342.930	توزيعات نقدية	Cash Dividends
5%	KD 16,002,671.500	توزيعات أسهم منحة	Bonus Share
NIL	NIL	توزيعات أخرى	Other Dividend
NIL	NIL	عدم توزيع أرباح	No Dividends
NIL	NIL	زيادة رأس المال	Capital Increase
NIL	NIL	تخفيض رأس المال	Capital Decrease

ختم الشركة Company Seal	التوقيع Signature	المسمى الوظيفي Title	الاسم Name
		Chief Financial Officer رئيس المدراء الماليين	David Challinor ديفيد تشالينور



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF GULF BANK K.S.C.P.

Report on the Audit of Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Gulf Bank K.S.C.P. (the "Bank"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022, and the income statement, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Bank as at 31 December 2022, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the Central Bank of Kuwait ("CBK") for use by the State of Kuwait.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Bank in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards)* (IESBA Code), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each key audit matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

Credit losses on loans and advances

The recognition of credit losses on loans and advances ("credit facilities") to customers and banks is the higher of Expected Credit Loss ("ECL") under International Financial Reporting Standard 9: Financial Instruments ("IFRS 9"), determined in accordance with the CBK guidelines, and the provision required by the CBK rules on classification of credit facilities and calculation of their provision (the "CBK rules") as disclosed in the accounting policies in Note 2 and Note 12 to the financial statements.

Recognition of ECL under IFRS 9, determined in accordance with CBK guidelines, is a complex accounting policy, which requires considerable judgement in its implementation. ECL is dependent on management's judgement in assessing significant increase in credit risk and classification of credit facilities into various stages; determining when a default has occurred, development of models for assessing the probability of default of customers and estimating cash flows from recovery procedures or realization of collateral.

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF GULF BANK K.S.C.P. (continued)**

Report on the Audit of Financial Statements (continued)

Key Audit Matters (continued)

Credit losses on loans and advances (continued)

Recognition of specific provision on impaired facility under the CBK rules is based on the instructions by CBK on the minimum provision to be recognized together with any additional provision to be recognised based on management estimate of expected cash flows related to that credit facility.

Due to the significance of credit facilities and the related estimation uncertainty and judgement in the impairment calculation, this was considered as a key audit matter. This is further heightened by the high degree of estimation uncertainty due to the current inflationary pressure and high interest rate environment.

Our audit procedures included assessing the design and implementation of controls over the inputs and assumptions used by the Bank in developing the models, its governance and review controls performed by the management in determining the adequacy of credit losses. Further, our audit procedures were updated to incorporate consideration of the current inflationary pressure and high interest rate environment, including a focus on rescheduled credit facilities.

With respect to the ECL based on IFRS 9, determined in accordance with the CBK guidelines, we have selected samples of credit facilities outstanding as at the reporting date, which included rescheduled credit facilities, and assessed the Bank's determination of significant increase in credit risk and the resultant basis for classification of the credit facilities into various stages. We involved our specialists to review the ECL model in terms of key data, methods and assumptions used to ensure they were in accordance with IFRS 9 requirements, and CBK guidelines. For a sample of credit facilities, we have assessed the Bank's staging criteria, Exposure at Default ("EAD") Probability of Default ("PD") and Loss Given Default ("LGD") including the eligibility and value of collateral considered in the ECL models used by the Bank and the overlays considered by the management in view of the ongoing economic impacts, in order to determine ECL taking into consideration CBK guidelines. We have also evaluated the various inputs and assumptions used by the Bank's management to determine ECL.

Further, for the CBK rules provision requirements, we have assessed the criteria for determining whether there is a requirement to calculate any credit loss in accordance with the related regulations and, if required, it has been computed accordingly. For the samples selected, which included rescheduled credit facilities, we have verified whether all impairment events have been identified by the Bank's management. For the selected samples which also included impaired credit facilities, we have assessed the valuation of collateral and checked the resultant provision calculations.

Other information included in the Bank's 2022 Annual Report

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises of the information included in the Bank's 2022 Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. We obtained the report of the Bank's Board of Directors, prior to the date of our auditors' report, and we expect to obtain the remaining sections of the Annual Report for the year ended 31 December 2022 after the date of our auditors' report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance or conclusion thereon.

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF GULF BANK K.S.C.P. (continued)**

Report on the Audit of Financial Statements (continued)

Other information included in the Bank's 2022 Annual Report (continued)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditors' report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the IFRSs as adopted by CBK for use by the State of Kuwait, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Bank or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Bank's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bank's internal control.

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF GULF BANK K.S.C.P. (continued)**

Report on the Audit of Financial Statements (continued)

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (continued)

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Bank to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

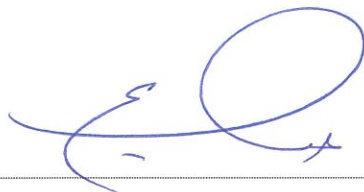
Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Furthermore, in our opinion proper books of account have been kept by the Bank and the financial statements, together with the contents of the report of the Bank's Board of Directors relating to these financial statements, are in accordance therewith. We further report that we obtained all the information and explanations that we required for the purpose of our audit and that the financial statements incorporate all information that is required by the Capital Adequacy Regulations and Financial Leverage Ratio Regulations issued by the Central Bank of Kuwait ("CBK") as stipulated in CBK Circular Nos. 2/RB, RBA/336/2014 dated 24 June 2014 and its amendments, and 2/BS/342/2014 dated 21 October 2014, and its amendments respectively, the Companies Law No 1 of 2016, as amended, and its executive regulations, as amended, or by the Bank's Memorandum of Incorporation and Articles of Association, as amended, that an inventory was duly carried out and that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no violations of the Capital Adequacy Regulations and Financial Leverage Ratio Regulations issued by the CBK as stipulated in CBK Circular Nos. 2/RB, RBA/336/2014 dated 24 June 2014 and its amendments, 2/BS/342/2014 dated 21 October 2014 and its amendments respectively, the Companies Law No 1 of 2016, as amended, and its executive regulations, as amended, or of the Bank's Memorandum of Incorporation and Articles of Association, as amended, have occurred during the year ended 31 December 2022 that might have had a material effect on the business of the Bank or on its financial position.

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF GULF BANK K.S.C.P. (continued)**

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements (continued)

We further report that, during the course of our audit, we have not become aware of any violations of the provisions of Law No. 32 of 1968, as amended, concerning currency, the CBK and the organisation of banking business, and its related regulations during the year ended 31 December 2022 that might have had a material effect on the business of the Bank or on its financial position.



ABDULKARIM AL SAMDAN
LICENCE NO. 208 A
EY
AL-AIBAN, AL-OSAIMI & PARTNER



TALAL YOUSEF AL-MUZAINI
LICENCE NO. 209A
DELOITTE & TOUCHE - AL-WAZZAN & CO.

2 February 2023
Kuwait

GULF BANK K.S.C.P.**Income Statement**

Year Ended 31 December 2022

	NOTES	2022 KD 000's	2021 KD 000's
Interest income	4	244,463	185,994
Interest expense	5	(102,272)	(53,681)
Net interest income		142,191	132,313
Net fees and commissions	6	26,498	27,428
Net gains from dealing in foreign currencies and derivatives		10,292	9,058
Dividend income		799	679
Other income		1,277	580
Operating income		181,057	170,058
Staff expenses		55,550	47,712
Occupancy costs		2,718	2,628
Depreciation		6,833	6,823
Other expenses		21,105	21,018
Operating expenses		86,206	78,181
OPERATING PROFIT BEFORE PROVISIONS/ IMPAIRMENT LOSSES		94,851	91,877
Charge of provisions:			
- specific	7	32,937	55,833
- general	12,18	4,936	3,603
Loan recoveries, net of write-off	12	(8,008)	(11,943)
Net provision on other financial assets		(42)	110
Impairment loss on other assets	14	131	-
		29,954	47,603
OPERATING PROFIT		64,897	44,274
Directors' remuneration	22	188	179
Contribution to Kuwait Foundation for the Advancement of Sciences		648	446
National Labour Support Tax		1,609	1,098
Zakat		648	446
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		61,804	42,105
EARNINGS PER SHARE			
Basic and diluted per share (Fils)	8	19	13

The attached notes 1 to 30 form part of these financial statements.

GULF BANK K.S.C.P.
Statement of Comprehensive Income
Year Ended 31 December 2022

	2022	2021
	KD 000's	KD 000's
Profit for the year	<u>61,804</u>	<u>42,105</u>
Other comprehensive income		
<i>Items that will not to be reclassified subsequently to the income statement:</i>		
Net changes in fair value of investment securities-equity	(1,040)	(807)
Revaluation of premises and equipment	(40)	25
Other comprehensive loss for the year	<u>(1,080)</u>	<u>(782)</u>
Total comprehensive income for the year	<u><u>60,724</u></u>	<u><u>41,323</u></u>

The attached notes 1 to 30 form part of these financial statements.

GULF BANK K.S.C.P.
Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2022

	NOTES	2022 KD 000's	2021 KD 000's
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	9	929,888	942,495
Kuwait Government treasury bonds	10	22,000	74,000
Central Bank of Kuwait bonds	11	337,703	281,197
Deposits with banks and other financial institutions	9	131,222	124,642
Loans and advances to banks	12	262,786	278,451
Loans and advances to customers	12	4,865,894	4,558,086
Investment securities	13	128,935	141,941
Other assets	14	134,392	120,705
Premises and equipment		38,660	34,393
TOTAL ASSETS		6,851,480	6,555,910
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
LIABILITIES			
Due to banks	15	489,651	595,501
Deposits from financial institutions	15	774,611	673,169
Customer deposits	16	4,246,837	4,303,995
Other borrowed funds	17	493,926	215,000
Other liabilities	18	126,432	101,753
TOTAL LIABILITIES		6,131,457	5,889,418
EQUITY			
Share capital	19	320,053	304,813
Proposed bonus shares	22	16,003	15,240
Statutory reserve	20	53,052	46,562
Share premium	20	153,024	153,024
Property revaluation reserve	20	18,154	18,194
Fair valuation reserve		1,549	2,374
Retained earnings		158,188	144,442
		720,023	684,649
Treasury shares	21	-	(18,157)
TOTAL EQUITY		720,023	666,492
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		6,851,480	6,555,910



Jassim Mustafa Boodai
(Chairman)



Antoine Daher
(Chief Executive Officer)

The attached notes 1 to 30 form part of these financial statements.

